If I have a family history of breast cancer, at what age should I start screening, and how often should I be screened?

Women from the age of 40 with a **significant family history** of breast cancer are eligible for a screening mammogram **every year** if they have one of the following:

- A first degree relative (mother, sister, daughter, father, son, brother) with breast cancer diagnosed before the age of 50.
- A first degree relative with cancer in both breasts (diagnosed at any age).
- Two or more first degree relatives with breast cancer (diagnosed at any age).

Women with one first degree relative diagnosed with breast cancer over the age of 50, are at NO greater risk than that of the average woman in the community. These women will be offered a screening mammogram every TWO years.

What else should I do?

If you are concerned about your family history of breast cancer, you should discuss your individual circumstances with your GP. If there are any new cases of breast cancer diagnosed in your family since your last mammogram it is important that you inform both BreastScreen WA and your GP.

Remember, be breast aware:

- Get to know your breasts and what is normal for you. Look in the mirror at your breasts and feel your breasts from time to time.
- If you notice any new changes in your breasts such as lumps, nipple discharge, or persistent new breast pain, even if your last screening mammogram was normal, please see your GP promptly.
- Ask your GP about breast health at your next check-up.

Any questions?

Please email breastscreenwa@health.wa.gov.au or phone (08) 9323 6700.

How do I book a FREE screening mammogram appointment?

Online bookings are available for most appointments.

www.breastscreen.health.wa.gov.au

Alternatively phone: 13 20 50

If you need a free interpreter, please call the Translating and Interpreting Service (TIS) first on 13 14 50 and ask to be connected to our booking service on 13 20 50.

Please bring your Medicare card to your appointment.





www.breastscreen.health.wa.gov.au

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BreastScreen WA

Screening mammography for women with a family history of breast cancer



www.breastscreen.health.wa.gov.au

BreastScreen WA is a FREE screening mammography service for women 40 years or over (specifically targeting women aged 50-74 years) with no breast symptoms. This brochure should answer some of the questions you may have about screening mammography if a relative has had breast cancer.

What does it mean to have a family history of breast cancer?

- At least one member of your family has developed breast cancer.
- When several members of the same family have been diagnosed with the same disease, it is natural to wonder if it is due to an inherited factor.
- Breast cancer itself cannot be inherited, but the faulty breast cancer genes can be inherited. If a woman has a faulty gene she is at increased risk, but is not certain to develop breast cancer.
- Most breast cancer occurs by chance alone and is not caused by genetic factors.
 Between 1–5% of all breast cancers are due to an inherited genetic disorder.

Reassuring facts for women with a family history of breast cancer

For many women, knowing they have a family history of breast cancer is cause for concern. It is, however important to keep in mind:

- Australian women have a 1 in 7 chance of developing breast cancer in their lifetime.
- Breast cancer is a common disease which is largely associated with increasing age.
- Having one or more risk factors does not necessarily mean that you will develop breast cancer.
- Developing breast cancer does not mean you have necessarily inherited the faulty gene, or will pass it on to your children.
- About 9 out of every 10 women who develop breast cancer do not have any family history of the disease.

Remember

- Most women who are diagnosed with breast cancer DON'T have a family history of the disease.
- The earlier a cancer is detected, the greater the likelihood of successful treatment.

Your family history becomes more important:

- When more than one relative on the same side of your family (mother or father's side) has been diagnosed with breast cancer.
- When those relatives were aged less than 50 years when first diagnosed.
- When those relatives with breast cancer are more closely related to you (sister rather than cousin).
- When there is breast cancer in both breasts, male breast cancer, or both breast and ovarian cancer in the family.

How does having a family history affect me accessing BreastScreen WA?

BreastScreen WA recommends regular two yearly screening mammograms particularly for women aged 50–74 years, as research shows the benefit of screening mammography is greatest in this age group. All women aged 40 years and over are eligible for a free mammogram with BreastScreen WA.

BreastScreen WA collects your family history information at the time of screening. For a small number of women, the nature of their family history may require them to attend more frequently for a screening mammogram.